Agenda Item 15



ADULTS AND COMMUNITIES OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE 6 JUNE 2022

PROVISIONAL PERFORMANCE REPORT 2021/22

JOINT REPORT OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND DIRECTOR OF ADULTS AND COMMUNITIES

Purpose of the Report

1. The purpose of this report is to present the Committee with an update of the Adults and Communities Department's performance for the year 2021/22.

Policy Framework and Previous Decisions

2. The Adults and Communities Department's performance is reported to the Committee in accordance with the Council's corporate performance management arrangements.

Background

- 3. The metrics detailed in Appendix A of the report are based on the key performance measures of the Adults and Communities Department for 2021/22. These are reviewed through the annual business planning process to reflect the key priorities of the Department and the Council. The structure of Appendix A is aligned with the Ambitions and Strategy for Adults and Communities Department 2020-2024, 'Delivering Wellbeing and Opportunity in Leicestershire'. This strategic approach is based on a set of principles with the person at the centre, ensuring the support they receive can deliver the right outcomes. Appendix B outlines the 'layered' model designed to maximise independence Prevent, Reduce, Delay and Meet needs.
- 4. Appendix A is also structured in line with the Council's Strategic Plan 2018-22 *Working Together for the Benefit of Everyone*. This sets out the Council's overall policy framework, approach, and includes a high-level overview of a number of strategies which provide the detail on how the Authority plans to deliver positive change for Leicestershire. The Council's new Strategic Plan for 2022-26 will be reflected in reporting of performance in the year 2022/23 onwards.
- 5. Performance figures are classed as provisional at this stage as the source data for the metrics is currently being compiled, with the signed-off version to be published by NHS Digital in the autumn. However, the final performance figures are not expected to vary greatly from those included in this report and will be presented later in the year alongside national benchmarking.
- 6. Progress against targets is highlighted using a Red/Amber/Green (RAG) system and Appendix C sets out the description of each category.

Performance Update: April 2021 to March 2022

- 7. Appendix A includes four key measures to reflect each of the four layers of the Vision and Strategy. Each of these monitors the proportion of new contacts from people requesting support and what the sequels of these requests were. During 2021/22, there were 28,500 new adult social care contacts, an increase of 11% on the previous year. This notable increase is more due to a lower number of new contacts during the previous year when the pandemic first materialised. Of the new contacts in 2021/22, 56% resulted in a preventative response, such as universal services or signposting. A further 20% resulted in a response relative to reducing need, such as providing equipment or adaptations; 11% resulted in a response relative to delaying need, i.e. the provision of a reablement service that supports people to relearn the skills required to keep them safe and independent at home. Finally, 12% resulted in a long-term service such as a personal budget.
- 8. Heritage sites were only open intermittently during 2020/21 due to the Covid-19 pandemic and alternative methods of engagement were developed including downloadable family activities and virtual tours. Sites resumed normal opening hours from July 2021, with restrictions on capacity and events in place for most of the year, during which time there were 259,000 visitors. Of this, 102,000 were physical visits (the remainder being visits to the website). Whilst this is a considerable increase on the Covid impacted previous year and above the target for 2021/22, it remains short of the 130,000 physical visits during the 12 months leading up to the start of the pandemic in March 2020.
- 9. As with Heritage sites, the restrictions on library services during 2020/21 due to Covid-19 meant a considerable reduction in activity such as visits and issues. Libraries resumed normal opening hours in July 2021 and the number of visits (including those to the website) topped 560,000 with the overall number of loans being 1,991,000. As expected, both were considerably higher than the previous year and exceeded local targets.
- Despite the re-opening of libraries in July 2021, the increasing use of e-loans through the first 12 months of the pandemic was exceeded further during 2021/22 with over 851,000 loans in the year – a 9% increase on the level in 2020/21 and above the target.
- 11. The Leicestershire Adult Learning Service's (LALS) performance relates to the proportion of learning aims due to be completed in a period that were successfully achieved. The current academic year is still ongoing, and the performance of 85% is just short of the 86% target.
- 12. Volunteering programmes continue to be a priority for the department in relation to libraries, museums, and heritage services although the necessary response to the Covid-19 pandemic meant that very little volunteering in these settings was possible during 2020/21. With these venues re-opening during the summer of 2021, volunteering has steadily increased and there were 9,700 hours of volunteering between then and March 2022 which is 700 hours more than the local target. As with other areas of the service, levels remain lower than pre-Covid when there would have been c25,000 hours of volunteering in the year.

- 13. The nature of accommodation for people with learning disabilities has a strong impact on their safety, overall quality of life, and reducing social exclusion. One of the Adult Social Care Outcomes Framework (ASCOF) indicators monitors the proportion of service users aged 18-64 with a learning disability who are in settled accommodation and not in a care home. Leicestershire performance in 2020/21 was 84%, higher than the national and shire council's average (78% and 75% respectively). Final figures for 2021/22 will be compiled for statutory data returns to central government for which the current position shows performance to be in line with last year, although slightly short of the 86% target.
- 14. ASCOF 1E measures the proportion of adults with learning disabilities who are receiving long-term services and are in paid employment. There is a strong link between employment and enhanced quality of life, including evidenced benefits for health and wellbeing. Performance in 2020/21 was 10.5% and in the top 25% of authorities in England. During the past year 2021/22 performance fell to 9% although this may remain high enough to be in the top quartile of authorities. Performance will have been impacted by Covid-19 as the pandemic will have had a negative effect on new employment opportunities due to Community Life Choices providers having limited staffing and social distancing challenges.
- 15. Each year local authorities are required to conduct a survey of people in receipt of social care services. A similar survey of carers is required on a biennial basis and following a hiatus in 2020/21 due to the Covid-19 pandemic both were completed in 2021/22. Findings from the first of these two surveys are still being collated whilst figures for a couple of key metrics from the carer's survey finding information, and having social contact are included in Appendix A. Both are showing a notable reduction in performance. It is important that this is viewed in the context of the national position which will be published later in the year, and how the intervening pandemic period since the previous survey maybe impacting the findings. Details of this will be reported to a future Committee meeting as part of the wider analysis of the national ASCOF) for 2021/22.
- 16. Reablement is a short and intensive service to help people who have experienced deterioration in their health and/or have increased support needs to relearn the skills required to keep them safe and independent at home. In the 12 months prior to the outbreak of Covid-19 there were, on average, 310 people starting a reablement service per month. As yet, the number of people starting a reablement service has not returned to this level with a monthly average during the past year of 265.
- 17. Despite the return to pre-pandemic levels of reablement being slower than wished, the outcomes of the service have certainly improved. The ASCOF contains two metrics (2D and 2B part 1) to measure a local authority's performance in this area the proportion with no continued needs post reablement, and where people live 91 days following hospital discharge and reablement. Performance against these metrics struggled in 2020/21, both nationally and locally (although Leicestershire's position remained higher than the national average). However, there has been notable improvement within the County during 2021/22 with performance during the year exceeding the 85% target set for both metrics (2D and 2B part 1 referred to above) (88.5% and 89.4% respectively).

- 18. Avoiding permanent placements in residential or nursing care homes is a good indication of delaying dependency. Research suggests that where possible, people prefer to stay in their own home rather than move into permanent care. During the early stages of the pandemic there was a notable reduction in permanent care home admissions across the Country and Leicestershire was no different. This resulted in a lower number of admissions for the full year and a target to match this was agreed for 2021/22.
- 19. For people aged 18-64 performance has been better than the national average during the past four years, more often in the top 25% of authorities. In 2021/22, there were 24 admissions which was higher than the maximum target, but lower than prepandemic levels.
- 20. For people aged 65 or over there were 845 admissions in 2021/22 which is considerably higher than the previous year and the target (maximum of 780 admissions). However, despite an increasing population of people aged 65 or over in the County, the number of admissions in 2021/22 was 5% lower than pre-pandemic levels.
- 21. The County Council remains committed that everyone in receipt of long-term, community-based support should be provided with a personal budget, preferably as a direct payment. The proportion of service users on a personal budget in 2021/22 was 95%, similar to the previous year and slightly higher than the latest national average of 92%. At 99.9% virtually all carers were on a personal budget during 2021/22. In terms of direct payments, 40% of service users and 99% of carers were in receipt of one in 2021/22. Whilst performance in relation to service users is lower than previous years and short of the 2021/22 target it may be high enough to remain in the top quartile nationally.
- 22. During 2021/22, the Council received 5,500 safeguarding alerts. An alert can include any concern for welfare and will often require a response from the Authority, but not necessarily in relation to safeguarding. Once an alert has been investigated into any potential risk of abuse or neglect there maybe need for a more in-depth enquiry under Section 42 of the Care Act. During 2020/21, there were 700 completed enquiries, a very similar number to the previous year.
- 23. Developing a safeguarding culture that focuses on the personalised outcomes desired by people with care and support needs who may have been abused is a key operational and strategic goal of the Care Act. Of the safeguarding enquiries completed in 2021/22 where an outcome was expressed, 93% were fully or partially achieved, a similar position to the previous year.

Conclusion

- 24. The latest year is the second since the outbreak of Covid-19 and has seen a varying shift in activity and performance back towards pre-pandemic levels. The number of visitors to heritage sites and libraries surpassed expectations as set out in the annual targets. In addition, the number of library loans both physical and electronic have seen improvements during the past 12 months.
- 25. Across adult social care, there have been positives in the outcomes of reablement services, and, despite falling slight short of targets, the continued high-level use of

personal budgets and direct payments. However, early findings from the carers survey are disappointing, although as noted, the national context will be helpful. Higher levels of permanent care admissions to residential and nursing homes are also an area to seek improvement in the coming 12 months.

26. Reporting of performance in 2022/23 is currently being established. Monitoring and analysis will continue on a regular basis covering performance measures such as those included in ASCOF and locally agreed targets.

Background papers

- <u>Adult Social Care Outcomes Framework</u>
- Delivering Wellbeing and opportunity in Leicestershire Adults and Communities
 Department Ambitions and Strategy for 2020-24
 Leicestershire County Council Strategic Plan 2018-22
- Better Care Fund

Circulation under the Local Issues Alert Procedure

27. None.

Equality and Human Rights Implications

- 28. The Adults and Communities Department supports vulnerable people from all diverse communities in Leicestershire. There are no specific equality and diversity implications to note as part of this performance report. Data relating to equalities implications of service changes are assessed as part of Equality and Human Rights Impacts Assessments.
- 29. Work has commenced in the Adults and Communities Department to improve the quality and quantity of protected characteristics that are recorded in the information system for individual people. This will continue to benefit performance reporting and ensure we are proactive against discrimination.

Partnership Working and Associated Issues

30. Better Care Fund measures and associated actions are overseen and considered by the Integration Executive and Health and Wellbeing Board.

Appendices

- Appendix A Adults and Communities Department Performance Dashboard for 2021/22
- Appendix B Adult Social Care Strategic Approach
- Appendix C Red/ Amber/Green (RAG) Rating Explanation of Thresholds

Officers to Contact

Jon Wilson, Director of Adults and Communities Adults and Communities Department Tel: 0116 305 7454 Email: jon.wilson@leics.gov.uk Matt Williams, Business Partner – Business Intelligence Service Chief Executive's Department Tel: 0116 305 7427 Email: <u>matt.williams@leics.gov.uk</u>